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"Belligerent Merchantmen in Neutral Ports." By Sanford Cole.

"The Black List." By J. E. G. de Montmorency.

"The Deutschland." By His Honour Judge Atherley-Jones.

"International Law Teaching." By E. A. Whittuck.

"The Control of Air Spaces." By J. E. G. de Montmorency.

"Legal War Work in Egypt." By Sir Malcolm McIlwraith (late judicial adviser to the Egyptian Government).

"The Revolution and the Unity of Russia." By L. P. Rastorgoueff (of the Russian Bar and also of the Middle Temple).

"The Relations of the Prize Court to Belligerent Policy." By Sir Francis Piggott (late Chief Justice of Hong-Kong).

"Jus Soli" or "Jus Sanguinis"? I. By H. S. Q. Henriques. II. By Ernest J. Schuster.

"Reciprocity in the Enjoyment of Civil Rights." By Wyndham A. Bewes.

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THE ARMED NEUTRALITIES OF 1780 AND 1800. Edited by James Brown Scott. Pp. xxxi, 698. Published by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: Oxford University Press, 1918. Price, \$5, net.

This work was apparently inspired by a passage in the address of President Wilson before Congress on February 26, 1917, in which, after stating the failure of diplomacy to protect neutral rights in the controversy between Germany and the United States, he said, "and there may be no recourse but to armed neutrality which we shall know how to maintain and for which there is abundant American precedent." The Carnegie Endowment has already published a volume in which the American precedents are set forth, *i.e.*, "The Controversy Over Neutral Rights between the United States and France, 1797-1800." The present volume contains a collection of official documents preceded by the views of representative publicists on agreements entered into in 1780 and 1800 by the leading neutral powers of Europe to protect their rights against belligerents. These texts are accompanied by the orders putting them into effect and diplomatic correspondence bearing thereon. The official documents emanating from all of the great European States, between 1780 and 1807, are preceded by an elaborate series of extracts from American and foreign works on International Law concerning the armed neutralities. All of the great names in this field appear in this collection. The student and investigator in this particular problem may take up this work with a feeling of satisfaction that he has before him not only all of the pertinent official documents but an anthology of expert opinion that leaves practically nothing more to be desired.

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THE TREATIES OF 1785, 1799 AND 1828 BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND PRUSSIA. Edited by James Brown Scott. Pp. viii, 207. Published by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: Oxford University Press, 1918. Price, \$2, net.

This work, like the one immediately hereinbefore noticed, seems also to have been inspired by a statement of the President, made to Congress on